ECTOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

ECTOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Exhib</u>	<u>it</u>	<u>Page</u>
	Certificate of Board	3
	Independent Auditors' Report	4
	Management's Discussion and Analysis	6
	Basic Financial Statements	
	Government Wide Statements:	
A-1	Statement of Net Position	12
B-1	Statement of Activities	13
	Governmental Fund Financial Statements:	
C-1	Balance Sheet	14
C-2	Reconciliation for C-1	15
C-3	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	16
C-4	Reconciliation for C-3	17
	Proprietary Fund Financial Statements:	
D-1	Statement of Net Position	18
D-2	Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position	19
D-3	Statement of Cash Flows	20
	Notes to the Financial Statements	21
	Required Supplementary Information	
G-1	Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund	43
G-2	Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (TRS)	44
G-3	Schedule of District Contributions to TRS Pension Plan	46
G-4	Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (TRS)	48
G-5	Schedule of District's Contributions to the TRS OPEB Plan	49
	Notes to Required Supplemental Information	50
	Other Information-Combining Statements	
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
H-1	Combining Balance Sheet	52
H-2	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	56
	Other Information-Required Texas Education Agency Schedules	
J-1	Schedule of Delinquent Taxes Receivable	60
J-2	Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Child Nutrition Fund	62
J-3	Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Debt Service Fund	63
J-4	State Compensatory Education and Bilingual Program Expenditures	64
	Reports on Compliance & Internal Control	
	Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other	
	Matters Based on an audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	
	Government Auditing Standards	66
	Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	68
	Schedule of Status of Prior Findings	69
	Corrective Action Plan	70

CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Ector Independent School District Name of School District	<u>Fannin</u> County	074-905 CoDist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annua	al financial reports of the above	-named school district were
reviewed and (check one)X approved	disapproved for the year e	ended August 31, 2021 at a
meeting of the Board of Trustees of such school dis	strict on the <u>13th</u> day of _	<u>January</u> , 2022.
/s/ April Hill	/s/ Bo Harris	
Signature of Board Secretary	Signature of Board	President
If the Board of Trustees disapproved of the auditors	s' report, the reason(s) for disapp	proving it is(are):

Morgan, Davis, & Company, P.C.

Post Office Box 8158 Greenville, Texas 75404

Unmodified Opinions on Basic Financial Statements Accompanied by Required Supplementary Informationand Other Information

Independent Auditor's Report

Ector Independent School District 301 S. Main Street Ector, Texas 75439

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Ector Independent School District as of and for the year ended August 31, 2021 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Ector Independent School District as of August 31, 2021 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information:

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Schedules contained in Exhibits G-1, G-2, G-3, G-4, & G-5 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain

limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information:

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Ector Independent School District's basic financial statements. The Combining Statements for Nonmajor Governmental Funds contained in Exhibits H-1 & H-2 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Combining Statements for Nonmajor Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Combining Statements for Nonmajor Governmental Funds are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Texas Education Agency requires school districts to include certain information in the Annual Financial and Compliance Report in conformity with laws and regulations of the State of Texas. This information is in Exhibits identified in the Table of Contents as J-1, J-2, J-3, & J-4. We have applied certain limited procedures to this supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted on inquiries of management about methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standard

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 21, 2021 on our consideration of Ector Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Ector Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

/s/ Morgan, Davis & Company, P.C.

Morgan, Davis, & Company, P.C.
Greenville, Texas

November 21, 2021

ECTOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

In this section of the Annual Financial and Compliance Report, we, the administrators of Ector Independent School District, discuss and analyze the District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2021. Please read it in conjunction with the District's Basic Financial Statements which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total combined net position increased by \$723,964 as a result of this year's operations.
- The District's assets exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$1,701,587, which represents the District's total combined net position.
- As of August 31, 2021, the District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$1,894,849 compared to \$1,301,892 for the last fiscal year. The General Fund reported a fund balance of \$1,786,299 this fiscal year compared to \$1,199,861 the last fiscal year.
- The District's total tax rate for the 2020-2021 school year was \$ 1.0847 with \$ 0.9547 for maintenance & operation and \$ 0.1300 for debt service.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 12 and 13). These provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements (starting on page 14) report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources, and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget. For proprietary activities, fund financial statements tell how goods or services of the District were sold to departments within the District or to external customers and how the sales revenues covered the expenses of the goods or services. The remaining statements, fiduciary statements, provide financial information about activities for which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the district.

The notes to the financial statements (starting on page 21) provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statements or the fund financial statements.

The combining statements for nonmajor funds contain even more information about the District's individual funds. These are not required by T.E.A. The section labeled Required Texas Education Agency Schedules contains data used by monitoring or regulatory agencies for assurance that the District is using funds supplied in compliance with the terms of grants.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the District's overall financial condition and operations begins on page 12. Its primary purpose is to show whether the District is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all the District's assets and liabilities at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all the revenues and expenses generated by the District's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting which is the basis used by private sector companies.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The District's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs, such as tuition received from students from outside the district and grants provided by the U.S. Department of Education to assist children with disabilities of from disadvantaged backgrounds (program revenues), and revenues provided by the taxpayers or by TEA in equalization funding processes (general revenues). All the District's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. The District's net position (the difference between assets and liabilities) provide one measure of the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the District, however, you should consider non-financial factors as well, such as changes in the District's average daily attendance or its property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the District has one kind of activity:

Governmental activities—All of the District's basic services are reported here, including the instruction, counseling, co-curricular activities, food services, transportation, maintenance, community services, and general administration. Property taxes, tuition, fees, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin on page 14 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds—not the District as a whole. Laws and contracts require the District to establish some funds, such as grants received under the ESSA Title I Part A from the U.S. Department of Education. The District's administration establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. The District's two kinds of funds—governmental and proprietary—use different accounting approaches.

- · Governmental funds—Most of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These funds use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.
- · Proprietary funds—The District reports the activities for which it charges users (whether outside customers or other units of the District) in proprietary funds using the same accounting methods employed in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The internal service funds (a category of proprietary funds) report activities that provide services for the District's other programs and activities—such as the District's self-insurance programs.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The District is presenting government-wide financial analysis in the form of current year data and prior year data and the changes in these accounts. Our analysis focuses on the net position (Table I) and changes in net position (Table II) of the District's governmental activities.

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased from \$977,623 last year to \$1,701,587 at August 31, 2021. Unrestricted net position – the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements – increased from \$(518,193) last year to \$57,530 at August 31, 2021.

Changes in net position of the District's governmental activities were a \$354,133 increase last year compared to a \$723,964 increase at August 31, 2021.

Table I
Ector Independent School District
NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities 8/31/2021	Governmental Activities 8/31/2020	Net Change
Current and other assets	\$2,057,380	\$1,455,927	\$601,453
Capital assets	2,783,559	2,770,123	13,436
Total assets	\$4,840,939	\$4,226,050	\$614,889
Deferred Outflows	\$614,519	\$541,478	\$73,041
Current and other liabilities	\$133,463	\$138,360	(\$4,897)
Long-term liabilities	1,251,760	1,378,079	(126,319)
Net Pension Liability (District's Share)	733,685	668,628	65,057
Net OPEB Liability (District's Share)	883,006	1,033,549	(150,543)
Total liabilities	\$3,001,914	\$3,218,616	(\$216,702)
Deferred Inflows	\$751,957	\$571,289	\$180,668
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$1,531,799	\$1,392,044	\$139,755
Restricted	112,258	103,772	8,486
Unrestricted	57,530	(518,193)	575,723
Total net position	\$1,701,587	\$977,623	\$723,964

Table II
Ector Independent School District
CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities Yr Ended 8/31/2021	Governmental Activities Yr Ended 8/31/2020	Net Change
Revenues:			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$113,666	\$128,109	(\$14,443)
Operating grants and contributions	469,615	503,230	(33,615)
General Revenues:			
Maintenance and operations taxes	625,700	604,969	20,731
Debt service taxes	85,161	65,654	19,507
State aid - formula grants	3,276,824	2,940,065	336,759
Grants & Contributions not restricted to specific functions	93,033	51,526	41,507
Investment Earnings	240	2,808	(2,568)
Miscellaneous	11,573	10,681	892
Total Revenue	\$4,675,812	\$4,307,042	\$368,770
Expenses:			
Instruction, curriculum and media services	\$2,173,368	\$2,281,304	(\$107,936)
Instructional and school leadership	354,195	326,951	27,244
Student support services	232,675	204,682	27,993
Child nutrition	206,445	211,420	(4,975)
Co curricular activities	140,368	132,592	7,776
General administration	245,746	288,060	(42,314)
Plant maintenance, security & data processing	430,308	351,022	79,286
Debt services	49,488	53,211	(3,723)
Payments to fiscal agents	93,385	80,208	13,177
Other intergovernmental charges	25,870	23,459	2,411
Total Expenses	\$3,951,848	\$3,952,909	(\$1,061)
Increase in net position before transfers and special items	\$723,964	\$354,133	\$369,831
Transfers	0	0	0
Special Items	0	0	0
Net position at Beginning of Fiscal Year	977,623	623,490	354,133
Net position at End of Fiscal Year	\$1,701,587	\$977,623	\$723,964

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in Exhibit C-3 on page 16) reported a combined fund balance of \$1,894,849, compared to \$1,301,892 for the last fiscal year. The District's General Fund reported a fund balance increase of \$586,438, ending the year with \$1,786,299. The District's Special Revenue Funds reported a fund balance increase of \$781, ending the year with \$24,230. The District's Debt Service Fund reported a fund balance increase of \$5,738, ending the year with \$84,320.

Over the course of the year, the Board of Trustees revised the District's budget several times. These budget amendments included amendments and supplemental appropriations that were approved shortly after the beginning of the year and reflect the actual beginning balances (versus the amounts we estimated in August 2020) and amendments moving funds from programs that did not need all the resources originally appropriated to them to programs with resource needs.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets:

During the year ended August 31, 2021, the District invested \$165,093 in capital assets, consisting of the purchase of land, facility improvements, a scorer's table, technology equipment, and food service equipment.

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2021 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	Retirements	<u>Balance</u>
Land	\$238,488	\$26,402	\$0	\$264,890
Buildings & Improvements	5,104,300	84,110	0	5,188,410
Equipment	188,227	54,581	0	242,808
Vehicles	353,116	0	0	353,116
Totals at Historical Cost	5,884,131	165,093	0	6,049,224
Less accumulated depreciation for:				_
Buildings & Improvements	(2,630,080)	(136,413)	0	(2,766,493)
Equipment	(131,460)	(14,631)	0	(146,091)
Vehicles	(352,468)	(613)	0	(353,081)
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,114,008)	(151,657)	0	(3,265,665)
Capital Assets, Net	\$2,770,123	\$13,436	\$0	\$2,783,559

Debt:

At year-end August 31, 2021, the District had \$1,240,000 outstanding in bonds compared to \$1,355,000 last year. Also, on August 31, 2021, the District had \$11,760 outstanding in loans compared to \$23,079 last year. During the year, the District had no new borrowings.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The District's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal-year 2021 budget, and tax rates. Several of those factors were the economy, the District's population growth, and unemployment. These factors were taken into account when adopting the General Fund budget for 2021. Amounts available for appropriation in the General Fund budget are \$1,186,299. The District has added no major new programs or initiatives to the 2021 budget.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's business office, at Ector Independent School District, 301 S. Main Street, Ector, Texas.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ECTOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2021

Data		Primary Government
Contro	ol	Governmental
Codes		Activities
ASSE	TS	
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 910,418
1120	Current Investments	228,948
1220	Property Taxes - Delinquent	35,521
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(1,032)
1240	Due from Other Governments	874,123
1290	Other Receivables, Net	9,402
	Capital Assets:	., .
1510	Land	264,890
1520	Buildings, Net	2,421,917
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net	96,717
1540	Vehicles, Net	35
1000	Total Assets	4,840,939
DEFE	RRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
1705	Deferred Outflow Related to TRS Pension	347,623
1706	Deferred Outflow Related to TRS OPEB	266,896
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	614,519
LIAB	ILITIES	
2110	Accounts Payable	8,465
2140	Interest Payable	1,885
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	108,844
2180	Due to Other Governments	8,217
2200	Accrued Expenses	2,516
2300	Unearned Revenue	3,536
	Noncurrent Liabilities:	
2501	Due Within One Year: Loans, Note, Leases, etc. Due in More than One Year:	131,760
2502	Bonds, Notes, Leases, etc.	1,120,000
2540	Net Pension Liability (District's Share)	733,685
2545	Net OPEB Liability (District's Share)	883,006
2000	Total Liabilities	3,001,914
DEFE	RRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
2605	Deferred Inflow Related to TRS Pension	105,370
2606	Deferred Inflow Related to TRS OPEB	646,587
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	751,957
NET I	POSITION	
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted:	1,531,799
3820	Restricted for Federal and State Programs	6,044
3850	Restricted for Debt Service	88,028
3870	Restricted for Campus Activities	14,683
3880	Restricted for Scholarships	3,503
3900	Unrestricted	57,530
3000	Total Net Position	\$ 1,701,587

1,701,587

Net (Expense)

ECTOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

				Program	Reven	iues		Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Data		1		3	110 / 011	4	-	6
Control					(Operating		Primary Gov.
Codes				Charges for		Grants and		Governmental
		Expenses		Services	Co	ontributions		Activities
Primary Government:								
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:								
11 Instruction	\$	2,113,149	\$	10,365	\$	280,760	\$	(1,822,024)
12 Instructional Resources and Media Services		58,648		-		-		(58,648)
13 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		1,571		-		-		(1,571)
23 School Leadership		354,195		-		24,305		(329,890)
31 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		126,395		-		9,610		(116,785)
33 Health Services		52,340		-		3,890		(48,450)
34 Student (Pupil) Transportation		53,940		-		1,005		(52,935)
35 Food Services		206,445		26,339		116,797		(63,309)
36 Extracurricular Activities		140,368		66,239		4,356		(69,773)
41 General Administration 51 Facilities Maintenance and Operations		245,746		10.722		14,448		(231,298)
		396,713 3,690		10,723		14,444		(371,546)
		,		-		-		(3,690)
 Data Processing Services Debt Service - Interest on Long-Term Debt 		29,905 45,806		-		-		(29,905) (45,806)
73 Debt Service - Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		3,682		-		-		(3,682)
93 Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangements		93,385		_		-		(93,385)
99 Other Intergovernmental Charges		25,870		_		-		(25,870)
[TP] TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	\$	3,951,848	\$	113,666	\$	469,615	_	(3,368,567)
Data	=		-	<u> </u>			_	
Control General R Codes Taxes		ies:						
MT Pro	perty	Taxes, Levied	for	General Purpos	es			625,700
	perty	Taxes, Levied	for	Debt Service				85,161
SF State	Aid -	Formula Grants	S					3,276,824
		Contributions 1	not	Restricted				93,033
		Earnings						240
MI Misce	ellanec	ous Local and Ir	ntei	rmediate Revenu	e			11,573
TR Total C	Gener	al Revenues					_	4,092,531
CN		Change in	Ne	t Position				723,964
NB Net Pos	ition	- Beginning					_	977,623

NE

Net Position - Ending

ECTOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2021

Data Contro	1	10 General	(Other Governmental	Go	Total overnmental
Codes		Fund		Funds		Funds
	ASSETS					
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 804,719	\$	103,640	\$	908,359
1120	Investments - Current	228,948		-		228,948
1220	Property Taxes - Delinquent	31,611		3,910		35,521
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(918)		(114)		(1,032)
1240	Due from Other Governments	852,243		21,880		874,123
1290	Other Receivables	9,402		-		9,402
1000	Total Assets	\$ 1,926,005	\$	129,316	\$	2,055,321
Ι	JABILITIES					
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	\$ 100,543	\$	8,301	\$	108,844
2170	Due to Other Funds	6,406		-		6,406
2180	Due to Other Governments	=		8,217		8,217
2200	Accrued Expenditures	2,064		452		2,516
2300	Unearned Revenue	3,112		424		3,536
2000	Total Liabilities	112,125		17,394		129,519
Ι	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
2601	Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	27,581		3,372		30,953
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	27,581	_	3,372		30,953
F	FUND BALANCES					
•	Restricted Fund Balance:					
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction	_		6,044		6,044
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt	_		84,320		84,320
3490	Other Restricted Fund Balance	-		18,186		18,186
	Committed Fund Balance:			,		,
3510	Construction	600,000		-		600,000
3600	Unassigned Fund Balance	1,186,299		-		1,186,299
3000	Total Fund Balances	1,786,299		108,550		1,894,849
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$ 1,926,005	\$	129,316	\$	2,055,321

EXHIBIT C-2

ECTOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2021

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 1,894,849
1 The District uses internal service funds to charge the costs of certain activities, such as self-insurance, to appropriate functions in other funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets. The net effect of this consolidation is to increase(decrease) net position.	-
2 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. At the beginning of the year, the cost of these assets was \$5,884,131, and the accumulated depreciation was \$3,114,008. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable of \$1,355,000, and loans payable of \$23,079, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Accrued interest payable on long term debt of \$2,102 is not reflected in the fund financial statements, but is shown in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation), and long-term debt in the governmental activities, is to increase (decrease) net position.	1,389,942
3 Current year capital outlays of \$165,093, and long-term debt principal payments of \$126,319 are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. Interest payable of \$217 is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the current year capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase (decrease) net position.	291,629
4 Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes of \$30,953 as revenue, eliminating interfund transactions, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase (decrease) net position.	30,953
5 The current year depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(151,657)
6 The District is required to recognize its proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68 in the amount of \$733,685, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$105,370 and a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$347,623. The net effect of including the net pension liability, deferred resource inflows, and deferred resource outflows, is to increase (decrease) net position.	(491,432)
7 The District is required to recognize its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability required by GASB 75 in the amount of \$883,006, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$646,587 and a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$266,896. The net effect of including the netOPEB liability, deferred resource inflows, and deferred resource outflows, is to increase (decrease) net position.	(1,262,697)
19 Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,701,587

ECTOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Data Control Codes		10 General Fund	G	Other overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES: 5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources 5800 State Program Revenues 5900 Federal Program Revenues	\$	652,977 3,379,150 36,550	\$	170,187 110,286 240,223	\$	823,164 3,489,436 276,773
Total Revenues		4,068,677		520,696		4,589,373
EXPENDITURES: Current:						
0011Instruction0012Instructional Resources and Media Services0013Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development0023School Leadership0031Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services0033Health Services0034Student (Pupil) Transportation0035Food Services0036Extracurricular Activities0041General Administration0051Facilities Maintenance and Operations0052Security and Monitoring Services0053Data Processing ServicesDebt Service:		1,806,908 55,627 1,571 329,471 117,413 48,921 51,817 - 129,776 228,176 374,067 3,690 28,395		205,547 - - - - - 199,952 9,300 - - -		2,012,455 55,627 1,571 329,471 117,413 48,921 51,817 199,952 139,076 228,176 374,067 3,690 28,395
One of the principal on Long-Term Debt Interest on Long-Term Debt Bond Issuance Cost and Fees Capital Outlay:		11,319 898 682		115,000 45,125 3,000		126,319 46,023 3,682
O081 Facilities Acquisition and Construction Intergovernmental:		110,506		-		110,506
 Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA Other Intergovernmental Charges 		93,385 25,870		-		93,385 25,870
6030 Total Expenditures		3,418,492		577,924		3,996,416
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		650,185		(57,228)	_	592,957
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 7915 Transfers In 8911 Transfers Out (Use)		(63,747)		63,747		63,747 (63,747)
7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(63,747)		63,747		-
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		586,438		6,519		592,957
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	_	1,199,861	· <u></u>	102,031		1,301,892
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	1,786,299	\$	108,550	\$	1,894,849

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

ECTOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

EXHIBIT C-4

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 592,957
The District uses internal service funds to charge the costs of certain activities, such as self-insurance, to appropriate functions in other funds. The net income (loss) of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities. The net effect of this consolidation is to increase (decrease) net position.	-
Current year capital outlays of \$165,093, and long-term debt principal payments of \$126,319 are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. Interest payable of \$217 is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the current year capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase (decrease) net position.	291,629
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, adjusting current year revenue by \$13,176 to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, eliminating interfund transactions, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase (decrease) net position.	13,176
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(151,657)
Current year changes due to GASB 68 increased revenues in the amount of \$105,225 but also increased expenses in the amount of \$137,335. The impact of these items is to increase (decrease) the change in net position.	(32,110)
Current year changes due to GASB 75 increased revenues in the amount of \$31,962 but also increased expenses in the amount of \$41,931. The impact of these items is to increase (decrease) the change in net position.	9,969
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 723,964

ECTOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2021

	Governi Activi	
	Inter Service	
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,059
Due from Other Funds		6,406
Total Assets		8,465
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable		8,465
Total Liabilities		8,465

ECTOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

	Governmental Activities -
	Internal Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES:	
Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 12,497
Total Operating Revenues	12,497
OPERATING EXPENSES:	
Other Operating Costs	12,497_
Total Operating Expenses	12,497

ECTOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Ish Flows from Operating Activities: Cash Received from User Charges Cash Payments for Insurance Claims It Cash Provided by Operating Activities It Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents Ish and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year Ish and Cash Equivalents at End of Year Ish and Cash	Governmental Activities -
Cash Received from User Charges Cash Payments for Insurance Claims Et Cash Provided by Operating Activities It Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents Is and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year Is and Cash Equivalents at End of Year Is and Cash Equivalents at End of Year Is and Cash Equivalents at End of Year Is an Cash Equivalent at End of	Internal Service Fund
Cash Payments for Insurance Claims et Cash Provided by Operating Activities t Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents sh and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year sh and Cash Equivalents at End of Year sh and Cash Equivalents at End of Year sconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss): Sect of Increases and Decreases in Current ssets and Liabilities: Decrease (increase) in Receivables	
t Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents sh and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year sh and Cash Equivalents at End of Year sh and Cash Equivalents at End of Year \$ conciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss): Sect of Increases and Decreases in Current ssets and Liabilities: Decrease (increase) in Receivables	13,293 (12,585)
sh and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year sh and Cash Equivalents at End of Year sconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss): Sect of Increases and Decreases in Current ssets and Liabilities: Decrease (increase) in Receivables	708
sh and Cash Equivalents at End of Year conciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss): Sect of Increases and Decreases in Current ssets and Liabilities: Decrease (increase) in Receivables	708
conciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss): Sect of Increases and Decreases in Current ssets and Liabilities: Decrease (increase) in Receivables	1,351
Provided by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss): Sect of Increases and Decreases in Current ssets and Liabilities: Decrease (increase) in Receivables	2,059
Operating Income (Loss): Sect of Increases and Decreases in Current ssets and Liabilities: Decrease (increase) in Receivables	
ssets and Liabilities: Decrease (increase) in Receivables	-
Increase (decrease) in Accounts Payable	796
micrase (decrease) in Accounts 1 ayable	(88)
t Cash Provided by Operating Activities \$	708

ECTOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Ector Independent School District (the "District") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas. It is governed by a seven-member Board of Trustees (the "Board") elected by registered voters of the District. The District prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources identified in GASB Statement No. 76, and it complies with the requirements of the appropriate version of Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (the "Resource Guide") and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

Pensions. The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post-Employment Benefits. The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS-Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resource measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS-Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

A. Reporting Entity

The Board of Trustees is elected by the public and has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations. It also has the primary accountability for fiscal matters. Therefore, the District is a financial reporting entity as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements - The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all of the Ector Independent School District nonfiduciary activities with most of the interfund activities removed. *Governmental activities* include programs supported primarily by taxes, State foundation funds, grants and other intergovernmental revenues.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates how other people or entities that participate in programs the District operates have shared in the payment of the direct costs. The "charges for services" column includes payments made by parties that purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function or segment of the District. Examples include tuition paid by students not residing in the district, school lunch charges, etc. The "grants and contributions" column includes amounts paid by organizations outside the District to help meet the operational or capital requirements of a given function. Examples include grants under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act. If a revenue is not a program revenue, it is a general revenue used to support all of the District's functions. Property taxes are always general revenues.

The District reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable within a function. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense to each function.

Interfund activities between governmental funds appear as due to/due from on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and as other resources and other uses on the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance. All

interfund transactions between governmental funds and internal service funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Interfund activities between governmental funds and fiduciary funds remain as due to/due from on the government-wide Statement of Activities. Since Internal Service Funds support the operations of governmental funds, they are consolidated with the governmental funds in the government-wide financial statements. The expenditures of governmental funds that create the revenues of internal service funds are eliminated to avoid "grossing up" the revenues and expenses of the District as a whole.

Fund Financial Statements - The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for two fund categories - governmental, and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for District operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The District considers some governmental funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenditures from nonoperating items. Operating revenues result from providing goods and services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations; they usually come from exchange or exchange-like transactions. All other revenues are nonoperating. Operating expenses can be tied specifically to the production of the goods and services, such as materials and labor or direct overhead. Other expenses are nonoperating.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as do the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. All assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the District are included on the Statement of Net Position. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

All governmental fund financial statements are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance report the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with a brief explanation to better identify the relationship between government-wide statements and the governmental fund statements. The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available. For this purpose, the District considers revenues available of they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. It recognizes expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on General Long-Term Debt, which is recognized when due. The expenditures related to certain compensated absences and claims and judgements are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Revenues – **Exchange Transactions** – Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded when the exchange takes place and in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year and are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Fir the District, the phrase "available for exchange transactions" means expected to be received within 60 days of the year-end.

Revenues – Non-exchange Transactions – Non-exchange transactions in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On the government-wide financial statements, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions also must be available (i.e., collected within 60 days) before it can be recognized in the governmental funds.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the "susceptible-to-accrual" concept, that is, when they are both measurable and available. The District considers revenues available if they will be collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the District to refund all or part of the unused amount.

The Proprietary Fund Types and Fiduciary Funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the fund Statement of Net Position. The net position is segregated into invested in capital assets net of related debt, restricted net assets, and unrestricted net assets.

Expenditures/Expenses – On the accrual basis of accounting (government-wide financial statements), expenses are recognized at the time there are incurred. On the modified accrual basis (fund financial statements), expenditures generally are recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred and due, if measurable.

D. Fund Accounting

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund – The general fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

Governmental Funds:

Special Revenue Funds – The District accounts for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by the District or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most Federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund, and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.

Debt Service Fund – The District accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds in a debt service fund.

Proprietary Funds:

Internal Service Funds – Revenues and expenses related to services provided to organizations inside the District on a cost reimbursement basis are accounted for in an internal service fund. The District's Internal Service Fund is the Workers Comp Self Insurance Fund. This fund is aggregated in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Changes in Net Position.

E. Encumbrance Accounting

The District employs encumbrance accounting, whereby encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders and contracts. An encumbrance represents a commitment of Board appropriation related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. The issuance of a purchase order or the signing of a contract creates an encumbrance but does not represent an expenditure for the period, only a commitment to expend resources. Appropriations lapse at August 31 and encumbrances outstanding at that time are either canceled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. There were no outstanding encumbrances at August 31, 2021 that were subsequently provided for in the next year's budget for the General Fund.

F. Other Accounting Policies

- 1. **Cash Equivalents** For purposes of the statement of cash flows for proprietary funds, the District considers highly liquid investments to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.
- 2. Inventories Inventories of supplies on the balance sheet are stated at FIFO cost and they include consumable maintenance, instructional, and office items. Supplies are recorded as expenditures when they are consumed. Inventories of food commodities are recorded at market values supplied by the Texas Department of Human

Services. Although commodities are received at no cost, their fair market value is supplied by the Texas Department of Human Services and initially recorded as an expense. Inventory and expenditures are adjusted periodically subsequent to inventory counts.

- 3. Receivables and Payables All trade and property tax receivables are shown at face value. The property tax receivable allowance is shown at various rates based upon historical trends of outstanding property taxes receivable as of August 31, 2021.
- 4. Long-term Debt In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Amounts recorded as long-term debt represent obligations that will be met by future revenue resources that are not available as of the current balance sheet date.
- 5. Vacation and Sick Leave Vacations are to be taken within the same year they are earned, and any unused days at the end of the year are forfeited. Therefore, no liability has been accrued in the accompanying basic financial statements. Employees of the District are entitled to sick leave based on category/class of employment. Sick leave is allowed to be accumulated but does not vest. Therefore, no liability exists for unused sick leave.
- 6. Capital Assets Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture and equipment are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Buildings, furniture and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Classification	<u>Useful Life</u>
Buildings	15-50 years
Building Improvements	15-50 years
Vehicles & Buses	5-10 years
Equipment	5-7 years

The District has no restriction on any capital assets.

- 7. **Due From/Due To Other** Funds Interfund receivables and payables arise from interfund transactions and are recorded in all affected funds in the period in which transactions are executed in the normal course of operations. See Note III-E for detailed discussion of interfund receivables and payables.
- 8. Net Position/Fund Balance:

Net position on the government-wide Statement of Net Position includes the following:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> reports the difference between capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unspent bond proceeds that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those capital assets.

<u>Restricted for Federal and State Grant Programs</u> is the component of net position restricted to be spent for specific purposes prescribed by federal and state granting agencies.

<u>Restricted for Debt Service</u> is the component of net position that is restricted for payment of debt service by constraints established by bond covenants.

Restricted for Campus Activities is the component of net position that is restricted for campus activities.

Restricted for Scholarships is the component of net position that is restricted for scholarships.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> is the residual difference between assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows that is not invested in capital assets or restricted for specific purpose.

Net position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflow of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflow of resources. Net investment is capital assets consists of cost of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislature adopted by the district or through external restrictions imposed by creditor, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. All other net positions are reported as unrestricted.

Fund balances on the governmental funds' Balance Sheet include the following:

Non-spendable fund balance is the portion of the gross fund balance that is not expendable because it is either not in spendable form or is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts restricted for a specific purpose by the provider (such as grantors, bondholders, and high levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation. Debt service resources are to be used for future servicing of the District's bonded debt and are restricted through debt covenants. Capital projects bond funds are restricted by the bondholders for the specific purpose of capital projects and capital outlays. Federal & State grant resources are restricted pursuant to the mandates of the granting agency.

<u>Committed fund balance</u> is that portion of fund balance that is committed to a specific purpose by the District's Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by Board action. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the constraint by exercising the same type of action originally used to commit the funds.

<u>Unassigned fund balance</u> is the difference between the total fund balance and the total of the non-spendable, restrict, and committed fund balances and can be utilized for any legal purpose. This portion of the total fund balance in the General Fund is available to finance operating expenditures.

- **9.** Control Totals The Data Control Codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by Texas Education Agency in the *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*. TEA requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with TEA in order to ensure accuracy in building a Statewide data base for policy development and funding plans.
- **10. Total Columns on Combined Financial Statements** These total columns do not purport to present financial position, results of operations, or cash flows in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.
- 11. District's Policy as to Defining Operating & Non-operating Revenues of Proprietary Funds Operating revenues are generally defined as those which originate through the ongoing activities of the fund. In contrast, non-operating revenues include, but are not limited to; capital expenditures, transfers, investing and financing activities.
- 12. Application of Restricted or Unrestricted Resources When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When expenditures are incurred for which committed, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first from committed funds, then unassigned funds, as need, unless the Board of Trustees has provided otherwise it its commitment actions.
- **13. Grant Fund Accounting** The Special Revenue Fund includes programs that are financed on a project grant basis. These projects have grant periods that can range from less than twelve months to in excess of three years. Grants are recorded as revenues when earned, which the District considers to be earned to the extent expenditures have been incurred, the District has met all eligibility requirements, and funds are available.
- **14. Estimates and Assumptions** The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.
- **15. Deferred Outflows of Resources** In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Certain deferred charges related to TRS pension and other postemployment benefits are reported as deferred outflows of resources on the government-wide statement of net position.

16. Deferred Inflows of Resources - In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one type of item which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Uncollected property taxes which are assumed collectible are reported in this category on the balance sheet for governmental funds. They are not reported in this category on the government wide statement of net position. Certain deferred charges related to TRS pension and other post-employment benefits are reported as deferred inflows on the government-wide statement of net position.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE & ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Data

The Board of Trustees adopts an "appropriated budget" for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund and the Food Service Fund (which is included in the Special Revenue Funds). The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted revenues and expenditures for each of these funds. The District compares the final amended budget to actual revenues and expenditures. The General Fund Budget report appears in Exhibit G-1 in RSI and the other two reports are in Exhibit J-2 and J-3.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the general-purpose financial statements:

- 1. Prior to August 20, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least ten days' public notice of the meeting must be given.
- 3. Prior to September 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board. Once a budget is approved, it can only be amended at the function and fund level by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings. Each amendment must have Board approval. As required by law, such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year end. Because the District has a policy of careful budgetary control, several amendments were necessary during the year.
- 4. Each budget is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end. A reconciliation of fund balances for both appropriated budget and non-appropriated budget special revenue funds is as follows:

A reconciliation of fund balances for both appropriated budget & nonappropriated budget special revenue funds is as follows:

Appropriated Budget Funds - Food Service	\$6,044
Nonappropriated Budget Funds-Campus Activity	14,683
Nonappropriated Budget Funds-Scholarship Funds	3,503
All Special Revenue Funds	\$24,230

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS & ACCOUNT GROUPS

Note A. DEPOSITORY CONTRACT LAW

The funds of the District must be deposited under the terms of a contract, contents of which are set out in the Depository Contract Law. The depository bank places approved pledged securities for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance.

At August 31, 2021, the carrying amount of the District's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts) was \$910,418, and \$228,948 in Texpool investment accounts. At August 31, 2021 and during the year then ended, the District's combined deposits **were fully insured** by FDIC insurance or collateralized with securities held by the District's agent bank in the District's name, or by letters of credit.

Depository information required to be reported to the Texas Education Agency is as follows:

- a. Depository: Legend Bank, Bonham, Texas
- b. The highest combined balance of cash, savings, and time deposits accounts amounted to \$1,451,654, and occurred during the month of January 2021.
- c. The market value of securities pledged as of the date of the highest combined balance on deposit was \$1,484,820.
- d. Total amount of FDIC coverage at the time of the highest combined balance was \$470,570.

The District categorizes its fair value measurements with the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the below hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The District's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgement and considers factors specific to each asset.

The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of August 31, 2021:

Cash & Cash Equivalents of \$910,418 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs). Investments in Texpool accounts of \$228,948 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs). The District has no investments measured at the Net Asset Value (NAV) per Share or its equivalent.

The **Public Funds Investment Act** (PFIA) (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the District to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy, which must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, municipal securities, repurchase agreements, and certain other investments. The investments owned at fiscal year-end are held by the District or its agent in the District's name.

In compliance with the PFIA, the District has adopted a deposit and investment policy, which address the following risks:

<u>Credit Risk</u> is the risk that a security issuer may default on an interest or principal payment. The District controls and monitors this risk by purchasing quality rated instruments that have been evaluated by nationally recognized agencies such as Standards and Poor's (S&P) or Moody's Investor Service.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution or counterparty (e.g., brokerdealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover its deposits, value of its investments, or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The PFIA, the District's investment policy, and Government Code Chapter 2257 "Collateral for Public Funds" contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits and investments. The District's funds are deposited and invested under terms of a depository contract with amounts greater that the FDIC coverage protected by approved pledged securities held on behalf of the District.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> is the risk associated with holding investments that are not pools and full faith credit securities. These risks are controlled by limiting the percentages if these investments in the District's portfolio.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> is the risk that interest rates will rise and an investment in a fixed-income security will decrease in value. Interest rate risk is reduced by diversifying, investing in securities with different durations, and laddering maturity dates. The

District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to less than one year from the time of purchase.

<u>Foreign Currency Risk</u> is the potential for loss due to fluctuations in exchange rates. The District's policy does not allow for any direct foreign investments, and therefore the District is not exposed to foreign currency risk.

Note B. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 31 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available (1) when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period and (2) when they are expected to be collected during a 60-day period after the close of the school fiscal year.

The assessed value of the roll as of the end of the fiscal year was \$65,535,224. The tax rates levied for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2021, to finance General Fund operations and the payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt were \$0.9547 and \$0.1300 per \$100 valuation, respectively, for a total of \$1.0847 per \$100 valuation. Current year tax collections for the period ended August 31, 2021, were 98.70% of the levy and 100.67% in the prior year.

Note C. DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE

Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service Funds are based on historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

Note D. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Available School Fund.

Receivables due from other governments as of August 31, 2021 are as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	State Grants	Federal Grants	Other Governments	<u>Totals</u>
General Fund	\$852,206	\$0	\$37	\$852,243
Debt Service Funds	0	0	4	4
Special Revenue Funds	894	20,982	0	21,876
Totals	\$853,100	\$20,982	\$41	\$874,123

Note E. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund balances at August 31, 2021, consisted of the following individual receivables & payables:

Due to Internal Service Fund from:

General Fund	\$6,406
Total Due to Internal Service Fund from Other Funds	\$6,406

Interfund transfers for the year ended August 31, 2021, consisted of the following individual amounts:

Transfers to Nonmajor Governmental Funds from:

General Fund	\$63,747
Total Transfered to Nonmajor Governmental Funds from Other Funds	\$63,747

Note F. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended August 31, 2021 is as follows:

	Beginning			
	Balance Palance	<u>Additions</u>	Retirements	Ending Balance
Land	\$238,488	\$26,402	\$0	\$264,890
Buildings & Improvements	5,104,300	84,110	0	5,188,410
Equipment	188,227	54,581	0	242,808
Vehicles	353,116	0	0	353,116
Totals at Historical Cost	5,884,131	165,093	0	6,049,224
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings & Improvements	(2,630,080)	(136,413)	0	(2,766,493)
Equipment	(131,460)	(14,631)	0	(146,091)
Vehicles	(352,468)	(613)	0	(353,081)
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,114,008)	(151,657)	0	(3,265,665)
Capital Assets, Net	\$2,770,123	\$13,436	\$0	\$2,783,559

Depreciation expense for the current year was charged to governmental functions as follows:

11 Instruction	\$84,586
12 Instructional Resources & Media Services	3,021
23 School Leadership	13,594
31 Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services	4,531
33 Health Services	1,510
34 Student (Pupil) Transporation	2,123
35 Food Services	7,552
36 Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	6,042
41 General Administration	10,573
51 Plant Maintenance & Operations	16,615
53 Data Processing Services	1,510
Total Depreciation Expense	\$151,657

Note G. LONG-TERM DEBT

A summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended August 31, 2021 is as follows:

Beginning Balance	Additions		Reductions	Ending Balance	within One Year
					
\$1,355,000		\$0	(\$115,000)	\$1,240,000	\$120,000
23,079		0	(11,319)	11,760	11,760
\$1,378,079		\$0	(\$126,319)	\$1,251,760	\$131,760
	\$1,355,000 23,079	Balance Additions \$1,355,000	Balance Additions \$1,355,000 \$0 23,079 0	Balance Additions Reductions \$1,355,000 \$0 (\$115,000) 23,079 0 (11,319)	Balance Additions Reductions Ending Balance \$1,355,000 \$0 (\$115,000) \$1,240,000 23,079 0 (11,319) 11,760

Bonds

The District has entered into a continuing disclosure undertaking to provide annual reports and material event notices to the State Information Depository of Texas (SID), which is the Municipal Advisory Council. This information is required under SEC Rule 15c2-12 to enable investors to analyze the financial condition and operations of the District.

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the general obligation bond indenture. Management has indicated that the District is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions at August 31, 2021.

A summary of changes in bonds for the year ended August 31, 2021 is as follows:

Financials				\$1,355,000		\$0	(\$115,000)	\$1,240,000
Total Bonds Payable, Government-Wide								
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds-Series 2011	2.00-3.50%	\$2,185,000	\$45,125	\$1,355,000		\$0	(\$115,000)	\$1,240,000
<u>Description</u>	Interest Rates Payable	Amounts of Original Issue	Interest Current Year	Amounts Outstanding 9/01/20	<u>Issued</u>		Retired	Ending Amounts Outstanding 8/31/21

Debt service requirements for bonds are as follows:

	<u>Bonds</u>		
Year Ending August 31,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	Total Requirements
2022	\$120,000	\$41,300	\$161,300
2023	125,000	37,013	162,013
2024	130,000	32,550	162,550
2025	135,000	27,912	162,912
2026	135,000	23,188	158,188
2027-Maturity	595,000	42,787	637,787
Total Bonds	\$1,240,000	\$204,750	\$1,444,750

Loans

A summary of changes in loans for the year ended August 31, 2021 is as follows:

Date of	Purpose/Lawful	Fund Payable From/Interest	Current Year		Amount	Amount	Ending
Issue/Maturity	<u>Authority</u>	Rate	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Issued</u>	Retired	<u>Balance</u>
	Public Property Finance	/					
7/18-7/22	LGC 271	General/3.89%	\$898	\$23,079	\$0	(\$11,319)	\$11,760
Totals			\$898	\$23,079	\$0	(\$11,319)	\$11,760

Debt service requirements for loans are as follows:

	<u>Loans</u>		
Year Ending August 31,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	Total Requirements
2021	\$11,319	\$898	\$12,217
2022	11,760	457	12,217
2023	0	0	0
2024	0	0	0
2025	0	0	0
2026-Maturity	0	0	0_
Totals	\$23,079	\$1,355	\$24,434

Note H. DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS

As of August 31, 2021, the District owed \$8,182 for 2020-2021 instructional facilities allotment and \$35 for 2020-2021 existing debt allotment to Texas Education Agency. The Texas Education Agency will deduct these amount from the District's 2021-2022 state revenue.

Note I. UNEARNED REVENUE & UNAVAILABLE REVENUE

Unearned revenue is that portion of the net revenue receivable which is expected to be collected within the first 60 days following the fiscal year end. Unavailable revenue is that portion of the net revenue receivable which is not expected to be collected within the first 60 days following the fiscal year end.

Unearned revenue and Unavailable revenue at August 31, 2021 consisted of the following:

		Special Revenue		
	General Fund	<u>Fund</u>	Debt Service Fund	<u>Totals</u>
Unearned Revenue:				
Property Tax Revenue	\$3,112	\$0	\$424	\$3,536
Total Unearned Revenue	\$3,112	\$0	\$424	\$3,536
Unavailable Revenue:				
Property Tax Revenue	\$27,581	\$0	\$3,372	\$30,953
Total Unavailable Revenue	\$27,581	\$0	\$3,372	\$30,953

Note J. REVENUE FROM LOCAL AND INTERMEDIATE SOURCES

During the current year, revenues from local and intermediate sources consisted of the following:

		Special Revenue	Debt Service	
	General Fund	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Totals</u>
Property Taxes	\$617,797	\$0	\$83,834	\$701,631
Penalties, Interest, & Other Tax				
Related Income	6,077	0	1,549	7,626
Investment Income	227	2	11	240
Truition	10,000	0	0	10,000
Gifts & Bequests	0	9,448	0	9,448
Food Service Sales	0	26,339	0	26,339
Athletics	7,788	0	0	7,788
Co-curricular	0	49,004	0	49,004
Other	11,088	0	0	11,088
Totals	\$652,977	\$84,793	\$85,394	\$823,164

Note K. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the current fiscal year, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. There are no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

Health Care Coverage

The District offers all employees health care coverage under the TRS Active Care insurance plan, which is a statewide health coverage program for public education employees established by the 77th Texas Legislature. The District contributed \$225 per month per enrolled employee to the Plan, and employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay the additional cost of premiums for themselves and dependents.

CAS Workers Compensation Coverage

The District was self-funded for workers compensation insurance and has an interlocal agreement with Claims Administration Services, Inc. (CAS) to serve as the District's third-party administrator. Transactions related to the plan are accounted for in the Workers Compensation Self Insurance Fund, an internal service fund of the District. The District makes all contributions to the fund. Claims Administrative Services, Inc. obtained excess loss insurance, which limited annual claims paid from the entire fund for the year ended August 31, 2021, to \$350,000 for any individual participant. At August 31, 2021, the District's unpaid claims totaled \$8,465, which includes incurred but not reported claims. The liability is based on the requirements of GASB Statement

No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information obtained prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Because actual claim liabilities depend on such complex factors as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards, the process used in computing the claims liability does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Claims are reevaluated periodically to take into consideration recently settled claims, the frequency of claims, and other economic and social factors.

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past two years are as follows:

	Year Ended August 31, 2020	Year Ended August 31, 2021
Unpaid claims, beginning of fiscal year	\$7,854	\$8,553
Incurred claims (including IBNR's)	12,374	12,497
Claim payments	(11,675)	(12,585)
Unpaid claims, end of fiscal year	\$8,553	\$8,465

TASB Workers Compensation Coverage

During the year ended August 31, 2021, Ector ISD met its statutory workers compensation obligations through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund. The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Workers Compensation Program is authorized by Chapter 504, Texas Labor Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties. The Fund provides statutory workers compensation benefits to its members' injured employees.

The Fund and its members are protected against higher-than-expected claims cost through the purchase of stop loss coverage for any claim in excess of the Fund's self-insured retention of \$2 million. The Fund uses the services of an independent actuary to determine reserve adequacy and fully funds those reserves. As of August 31, 2020, the Fund carries a discounted reserve of \$44,135,645 for future development on reported claims and claims that have been incurred but not reported. For the year-ended August 31, 2021, the Fund anticipates no additional liability to members beyond their contractual obligations for payment of contributions.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2020, are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

TASB Auto, Liability, & Property Programs

During the year ended August 31, 2021, Ector ISD participated in the following Risk Management Fund Programs:

Auto Liability, Auto Physical Damage, Privacy & Information Security, Property, and School Liability

The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund purchases stop-loss coverage for protection against catastrophic and larger than anticipated claims for its Auto, Liability, and Property programs. The terms and limits of stop-loss program vary by line of coverage. The Fund uses the services of an independent actuary to determine the adequacy of reserves and fully funds those reserves. For the year ended August 31, 2021, the Fund anticipates that Ector ISD has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligations for payment of contributions.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2020, are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

Litigation and Contingencies

The District may be subjected to loss contingencies arising principally in the normal course of operations. In the opinion of the administration, the outcome of any lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the accompanying financial statements and

accordingly no provision for losses has been recorded.

State and Federal Programs

The District participates in numerous state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustments by the grantor agencies. Therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at August 31, 2021 may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities related to compliance with rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

Note L. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description. Ector Independent School District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the internet at http://www.trs.texas.gov; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592. The information provided in the Notes to the Financial Statements in the 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report by TRS provides the following information regarding components of the Net Pension Liability of the Pension plan as of August 31, 2020:

Net Pension LiabilityTotalTotal Pension Liability\$ 218,974,205,084Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position165,416,245,243Net Pension Liability\$ 53,557,959,841Net position as a percentage of total pension liability75.54%

Benefits Provided. TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension benefits are established or amended under the authority of the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and by the Legislature in the Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefits. State law requires the plan to be actuarially sound in order for the Legislature to consider a benefit enhancement, such as supplemental payment to the retirees. In May 2019, the 86th Texas Legislature approved the TRS Pension Reform Bill (SB12) that provides for gradual contribution increases from the state, participating employers and active employees to make the pension fund actuarially sound. These increases immediately made the pension fund actuarially sound and the legislature approved funding for a 13th check. All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018 received an extra annuity check in September 2019 in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity payment or \$2,000, whichever was less.

Contributions. Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, Section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas Legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code Section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements if it increases the period of TRS' unfunded actuarial liability to greater than 31 years or, if the amortization period already exceed 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of the funding provided in this manner are determined by the System's actuary.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. SB12 in the 86th Legislature set contribution rates for fiscal year 2020 and fiscal year 2021. Beginning September 1, 2019, all employers are required to pay the Public Education Employer contribution of 1.5%. Contribution Rates can be found in the TRS 2020 CAFR, Note 11, on page 82.

Contribution Rates

	2020		2021
Member	7.7%	•	7.7%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	7.5%		7.5%
Employers	7.5%		7.5%
District's 2021 FY Employer Contribution	s	\$	58,136
District's 2021 FY Member Contributions		\$	175,397
Measurement Year NECE On-Behalf Contributions		\$	139,585

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the Plan during the fiscal year reduced by the employer contributions. Employers (including public schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources or a privately sponsored source.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to.

- Employers must contribute 1.5% of the member's salary ("Public Education Employer Surcharge").
- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

Actuarial Assumptions.

Roll Forward - The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2019. Update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to August 31, 2020.

The total pension liability is determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The actuarial methods and assumptions were selected by the Board of Trustees based upon analysis and recommendations by the System's actuary. The Board of Trustees has sole authority to determine the actuarial assumptions used for the Plan. The actuarial methods and assumptions were primarily based on a study of actual experience for the three-year period ending August 31, 2017 and were adopted in July 2018.

The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP 2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females. The post-retirement mortality rates were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the most recently published projection scale U-MP.

The following table discloses the assumptions that were applied to this measurement period.

Valuation Date August 31, 2019 rolled forward to August 31, 2020

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method Market Value
Single Discount Rate 7.25%
Long-term expected Rate 7.25%

Municipal Bond Rate as of August, 2020 2.33% - Source for the rate is the Fixed Income Market

Data/Yield Curve/Data Municipal Bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt

municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index."

Last year ending August 31 in

Projection Period (100 years) 2119 Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increases 3.05% to 9.05% including inflation

Ad hoc Post Employment Benefit Changes None

The actuarial methods and assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2019. For a full description of these assumptions please see the TRS actuarial valuation report dated November 14, 2019.

Discount Rate. The single discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the statutorily required rates set by the Legislature during the 2019 legislative session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50% of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.66% of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of August 31, 2020, are presented in the Asset Allocations the following table from the TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for 2020, page 53.

Table 3.A.1: Asset Allocations				
Asset Class	Target Allocation ¹ %	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return ²	Expected Contribution to Long- Term Portfolio Returns	
Global Equity				
USA	18.0 %	3.9 %	0.99 %	
Non-U.S. Developed	13.0	5.1	0.92	
Emerging Markets	9.0	5.6	0.83	
Private Equity	14.0	6.7	1.41	
Stable Value				
Government Bonds	16.0 %	(0.7)%	(0.05)%	
Absolute Return (Including Credit Sensitive Investments)	_	1.8	_	
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5.0	1.9	0.11	
Real Return				
Real Estate	15.0 %	4.6 %	1.02 %	
Energy, Natural Resources, and Infrastructure	6.0	6.0	0.42	
Commodities	_	0.8	_	
Risk Parity				
Risk Parity	8.0 %	3.0 %	0.30 %	
Asset Allocation Leverage				
Cash	2.0 %	(1.5)%	(0.03)%	
Asset Allocation Leverage	(6.0)	(1.3)	0.08	
Inflation Expectation			2.00 %	
Volatility Drag ³			(0.67)%	
Expected Return	100.0 %		7.33 %	
¹ Target allocations are based on the FY2020 policy model.				
² Capital Market Assumptions come from Aon Hewitt (as of 08/31/2020).				
³ The volatility drag results from the conversi	on between arithmetic and	geometric mean returns.		

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (7.25%) in measuring the Net Pension Liability. The discount rate can be found in the 2020 TRS CAFR, Note 11, page 84.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (6.25%)	Current Single Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (8.25%)
District's proportionate share of the			
net pension liability:	\$ 1,131,329	\$ 733,685	\$ 410,608

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At August 31, 2021, Ector Independent School District reported a liability of \$733,685 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to Ector Independent School District. The amount recognized by Ector Independent School District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with Ector Independent School District

were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective net pension liability State's proportionate share that is associated with the District \$ 733,685 1,811,888 \$ 2 545 573

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2020 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2019 rolled forward to August 31, 2020. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2019 through August 31, 2020.

At August 31, 2020 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.000013698891% compared to 0.000012862414% at August 31, 2019.

Changes In Actuarial Assumptions Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation – There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date.

Changes in Benefits - In May 2019, the 86th Texas Legislature approved the TRS Pension Reform Bill (SB12) that provides for gradual contribution increases from the state, participating employers and active employees to make the pension fund actuarially sound. The increases immediately made the pension fund actuarially sound, and the Legislature approved funding for a 13th check. All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018, received an extra annuity check in September 2019 in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity payment or \$2,000, whichever was less.

For the year ended August 31, 2021, Ector Independent School District recognized pension expense of \$217,930 and revenue of \$217,930 for support provided by the State in the Government Wide Statement of Activities.

At August 31, 2021, Ector Independent School District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources: (The amounts shown below will be he cumulative layers from the current and prior years combined.)

	Deferred	Deferred Inflows of
	Outflows of	Resources
	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experience	\$ 1,340	\$ 20,475
Changes in actuarial assumptions	170,241	72,395
Net Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	14,853	
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	103,053	12,500
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date [to be calculated by employer]	58,136	
Total	\$ 347,623	\$ 105,370

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) of resources related to pensions will be recognized by the district in pension expense as follows:

Year ended August 31:	Pension Expense Amount		
2022	\$ 58,001		
2023	52,347		
2024	46,726		
2025	23,939		
2026	1,554		
Thereafter	1,558		

Note M. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Plan Description. The Ector Independent School District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.texas.gov; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Components of the net OPEB liability of the TRS-Care plan as of August 31, 2020 are as follows:

Net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	4.99%
Net OPEB liability	\$ 38,014,515,883
Less: plan fiduciary net position	(1,996,317,932)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 40,010,833,815
Net OPEB Liability	<u>Total</u>

Benefits Provided. TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension system. Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may pay premiums to participate in the high-deductible health plans. Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system.

The General Appropriations Act passed by the 86th Legislature included funding to maintain TRS Care premiums at their current level through 2021. The 86th Legislature also passed SB 1682 which requires TRS to establish a contingency reserve in the TRS-Care fund equal to 60 days of expenditures. This amount is estimated at \$277,490,586 as of August 31, 2020.

The premium rates for retirees are presented in the following table:

TRS-Care Monthly Premium Rates

	Medicare	Non-Medicare		
Retiree or Surviving Spouse	\$ 135	\$	200	
Retiree and Spouse	529		689	
Retiree or Surviving Spouse and Children	468		408	
Retiree and Family	1,020		999	

Contributions. Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and participating employers based on active employee compensation. The TRS Board of Trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, Section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is .65% of salary. Section 1575.204 establishes a public-school contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the employer. The actual public school contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act which is 0.75% of each active employee's pay for fiscal year 2020. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

Contribution Rates		
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>
Active Employee	0.65%	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%
Employers	0.75%	0.75%
Federal/private Funding Remitted by Employers	1.25%	1.25%
District's 2021 FY Employer Contributions		\$ 18,108
District's 2021 FY Member Contributions		\$ 14,806
Measurement Year NECE On-Behalf Contributions		\$ 23,724

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program). When employers hire a TRS retiree, they are required to pay to TRS-Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

A supplemental appropriation was authorized by Senate Bill 1264 of the 86th Texas Legislature to provide \$2,208,137 for fiscal year 2020 and \$3,312,206 for fiscal year 2021, for consumer protections against medical and health care billing by certain out-of-network provides. Funding will be in fiscal year 2021.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the August 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was rolled forward to August 31, 2020. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2020 TRS pension actuarial valuation:

Rates of Mortality General Inflation
Rates of Retirement Wage Inflation
Rates of Termination Salary Increases
Rates of Disability

The active mortality rates were based on 90% of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality tables for males and females, with full generational mortality using Scale BB. The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the most recently published scale (U-MP).

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2019 Rolled forward to August 31, 2020

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Inflation 2.30%

Single Discount Rate 2.33% as of August 31, 2020

Aging Factors Based on Plan Specific Experience

Election Rates Normal Retirement: 65% participation prior to age 65 and 40%

participation after age 65. 25% pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue coverage at age 65.

Expenses Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of

health care benefits are included in the age-adjusted claims costs.

Projected Salary Increases 3.05% - 9.05%, including inflation

Ad-hoc Post Employment Benefit Changes None

The initial medical trend rates were 9.00% for Medicare retirees and 7.30% for non-Medicare retirees. There was an initial prescription drug trend rate of 9.00% for all retirees. The initial trend rates decrease to an ultimate trend rate of 4.25% over a period of 13 years.

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 2.33% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was a decrease of .30% in the discount rate since the previous year. The Discount Rate can be found in the 2020 TRS CAFR on page 76. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability:

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (2.33%) in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

	1% Decrease in	Current Single	1% Increase in
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate
	(1.33%)	(2.33%)	(3.33%)
District's proportionate share of the			
Net OPEB Liability:	\$ 1,059,605	\$ 883,006	\$ 743,518

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis - The following presents the net OPEB liability of the plan using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one-percentage point lower or one-percentage point higher than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate.

	1% Decrease	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share of the Net			
OPEB Liability:	\$ 721,303	\$ 883,006	\$ 1,098,372

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs. At August 31, 2021, Ector Independent School District reported a liability of \$883,006 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB Liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with Ector Independent School District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 883,006
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	1,186,548
Total	<u>\$ 2,069,554</u>

The Net OPEB Liability was measured as of August 31, 2020 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the employer's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2019 thru August 31, 2020.

At August 31, 2020 the employer's proportion of the collective Net OPEB Liability was 0.000023228128% compared to the 0.000021855000% as of August 31, 2019.

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation – The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

The discount rate changed from 2.63% as of August 31, 2019 to 2.33% as of August 31, 2020. This change increased the Total OPEB liability (TOL).

The participation rate for post-65 retirees was lowered from 50% to 40%. This change lowered the Total OPEB Liability.

The ultimate health care trend assumption was lowered from 4.50% to 4.25% as a result of Congress' repeal of the excise (Cadillac) tax on high-cost employer health plans in December 2019. This change lowered the Total OPEB liability.

Changes in Benefit Terms: There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended August 31, 2021, Ector Independent School District recognized OPEB expense of \$(8,239) and revenue of \$(8,239) for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2021, Ector Independent School District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred Inflows of
	Outflows of	Resources
	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experience	\$46,234	\$404,109
Changes in actuarial assumptions	54,463	242,478
Net Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	287	
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	147,804	
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date [to be calculated by employer]	18,108	
Total	\$266,896	\$646,587

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) of resources related to OPEBs will be recognized by the district in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended August 31:	OPEB Expense Amount
2022	\$ (70,380)
2023	(70,420)
2024	(70,442)
2025	(70,436)
2026	(46,850)
Thereafter	(69,272)

Note N. MEDICARE PART D

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. The allocation of these on-behalf payments is based on the ratio of a reporting entity's covered payroll to the entire payroll reported by all reporting entities. State Contributions for Medicare Part D made on behalf of Ector Independent School District's employees were \$10,356, \$9,352, and \$7,088, respectively for fiscal years ended August 31, 2021, 2020, and 2019.

Note O. JOINT VENTURES - SHARED SERVICE ARRANGEMENTS

The District participates in shared services arrangements for Special Education Services, with other school districts. The District does not account for revenues or expenditures in this program and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, nor does the district have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to Ector Independent School District. The fiscal agent manager is responsible for all financial activities of the shared services arrangement.

Note P. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In reviewing its financial statements, management has evaluated events subsequent to the balance sheet date through November 21, 2021, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

ECTOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Data			Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget	
Control Codes	Budgeted	Amounts	(=====	Positive or	
	Original	Final		(Negative)	
REVENUES:					
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources 5800 State Program Revenues 5900 Federal Program Revenues	\$ 660,117 3,186,063 35,000	\$ 660,117 3,012,530 35,000	\$ 652,977 3,379,150 36,550	\$ (7,140) 366,620 1,550	
5020 Total Revenues	3,881,180	3,707,647	4,068,677	361,030	
EXPENDITURES:	3,001,100	3,707,047	4,000,077	301,030	
Current:					
 Instruction Instructional Resources and Media Services Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development School Leadership Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services Health Services Student (Pupil) Transportation Extracurricular Activities General Administration Facilities Maintenance and Operations Security and Monitoring Services Data Processing Services Debt Service: Principal on Long-Term Debt Interest on Long-Term Debt 	1,762,789 55,800 1,000 320,710 116,670 49,060 84,109 146,327 237,688 353,317 7,000 25,000	1,807,789 55,800 1,580 329,510 117,470 49,060 83,109 146,327 237,688 374,417 7,000 28,400	1,806,908 55,627 1,571 329,471 117,413 48,921 51,817 129,776 228,176 374,067 3,690 28,395	881 173 9 39 57 139 31,292 16,551 9,512 350 3,310 5	
0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees Capital Outlay:	682	682	682	-	
0081 Facilities Acquisition and Construction Intergovernmental:	60,000	110,506	110,506	-	
Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSOther Intergovernmental Charges	A 102,787 26,317	102,787 26,317	93,385 25,870	9,402 447	
6030 Total Expenditures	3,361,473	3,490,659	3,418,492	72,167	
1100 Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	519,707	216,988	650,185	433,197	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
8911 Transfers Out (Use)	(75,488)	(89,119)	(63,747)	25,372	
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances	444,219	127,869	586,438	458,569	
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	1,199,861	1,199,861	1,199,861		
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 1,644,080	\$ 1,327,730	\$ 1,786,299	\$ 458,569	

ECTOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

	I	FY 2021 Plan Year 2020		FY 2020 Plan Year 2019		FY 2019 Plan Year 2018
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		0.000013699%		0.000012862%		0.000011525%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	733,685	\$	668,628	\$	634,383
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Associated with the District		1,811,888		1,626,145		1,769,981
Total	\$	2,545,573	\$	2,294,773	\$	2,404,364
District's Covered Payroll	\$	2,224,382	\$	1,929,554	\$	1,830,880
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		32.98%		34.65%		34.65%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		75.54%		75.24%		73.74%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the information on this schedule be data from the period corresponding with the periods covered as of the measurement dates of August 31, 2020 for year 2021, August 31, 2019 for year 2020, August 31, 2018 for year 2019, August 31, 2017 for year 2018, August 31, 2016 for year 2017, August 31, 2015 for year 2016 and August 31, 2014 for year 2015.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

]	FY 2018 Plan Year 2017]	FY 2017 Plan Year 2016	_]	FY 2016 Plan Year 2015	_]	FY 2015 Plan Year 2014		
	0.000012002%		0.000012224%		0.000012094%		0.000004224%		
\$	383,754	\$	461,930	\$	427,507	\$	112,828		
	1,060,556		1,274,098		1,281,644		1,104,700		
\$	1,444,310	\$	1,736,028	\$	1,709,151	\$	1,217,528		
\$	1,804,199	\$	1,764,652	\$	1,732,725	\$	1,680,279		
	21.27%		26.18%		24.67%		6.71%		
	82.17%		78.00%		78.43%		83.25%		

ECTOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PENSIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS

FOR FISCAL YEAR 2021

	2021		2020	2019	
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	58,136 \$	56,522 \$	44,933	
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		58,136	56,522	44,933	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	- \$	- \$	_	
District's Covered Payroll	\$	2,277,879 \$	2,224,382 \$	1,929,554	
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		2.55%	2.54%	2.33%	

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

 2018		2017	2016	 2015		
\$ 38,827	\$	49,856	\$ 49,112	\$ 45,851		
38,827		49,856	49,112	45,851		
\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -		
\$ 1,830,880	\$	1,804,199	\$ 1,764,652	\$ 1,732,725		
2.12%		2.76%	2.78%	2.65%		

ECTOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

	P	FY 2021 Plan Year 2020		FY 2020 Plan Year 2019		FY 2019 Plan Year 2018		FY 2018 Plan Year 2017
District's Proportion of the Net Liability (Asset) for Other Postemployment Benefits		0.000023228%		0.000021855%		0.000021246%	\$	0.000020237%
District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	883,006	\$	1,033,549	\$	1,060,854	\$	880,011
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Associated with the District		1,186,548		1,373,356		1,592,629	\$	1,451,145
Total	\$	2,069,554	\$	2,406,905	\$	2,653,483	\$	2,331,156
District's Covered Payroll	\$	2,224,382	\$	1,929,554	\$	1,830,880	\$	1,804,199
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		39.40%		53.56%		57.94%	\$	49.78%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		4.99%		2.66%		1.57%	\$	0.91%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 states that the information on this schedule should be determined as of the measurement date. Therefore the amounts reported for FY 2021 are for the measurement date of August 31, 2020. The amounts for FY 2020 are for the measurement date of August 31, 2018. The amounts for FY 2018 are based on the August 31, 2017 measurement date.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

ECTOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) ${\it TEACHER} \ {\it RETIREMENT} \ {\it SYSTEM} \ {\it OF} \ {\it TEXAS}$

FOR FISCAL YEAR 2021

	 2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 18,108 \$	17,655 \$	15,467 \$	14,654
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	18,108	17,655	15,467	14,654
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	-
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 2,277,879 \$	2,224,382 \$	1,929,554 \$	1,830,880
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.79%	0.79%	0.80%	0.80%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

Information in this schedule should be provided only for the years where data is available. Eventually 10 years of data should be presented.

ECTOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

A. Notes to Schedules for the TRS Pension

Changes of Benefit terms:

In May 2019, the 86th Texas Legislature approved the TRS Pension Reform Bill (SB12) that provides for gradual contribution increases from the state, participating employers and active employees to make the pension fund actuarially sound. The increases immediately made the pension fund actuarially sound, and the Legislature approved funding for a 13th check.

All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018, received an extra annuity check in September 2019 in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity payment or \$2,000, whichever was less.

Changes of Assumptions:

There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date.

B. Notes to Schedules for the TRS OPEB Plan

Changes in Benefits:

There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

Changes in Assumptions:

The following assumptions, methods and plan changes which are specific to TRS-Care were updated from the prior year's report:

- . The discount rate changed from 2.63 % as of August 31, 2019 to 2.33%, as of August 31, 2020. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- . The participation rate for post-65 retirees was lowered from 50% to 40%. This change lowered the Total OPEB Liability.
- . The ultimate health care trend assumption was lowered from 4.50% to 4.25% as a result of Congress' repeal of the excise (Cadillac) tax on high-cost employer health plans in December 2019. This change lowered the Total OPEB Liability.

COMBINING STATEMENTS

ECTOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2021

	***		211		240	2.	55	2	266
Data		ES	SA I, A	National		ESSA II, A		ESSER I	
Contro	ol .	Im	proving	Breakfast and		Training and		Emergency	
Codes		Basi	c Program	Lunc	h Program	Recruiting		Relief Grant	
A	ASSETS								
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	(6,185)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
1220	Property Taxes - Delinquent		-		-		-		-
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes		-		-		-		-
1240	Due from Other Governments		9,626		8,192		-		-
1000	Total Assets	\$	3,441	\$	8,192	\$	-	\$	-
Ι	JABILITIES								
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	\$	3,097	\$	2,104	\$	-	\$	-
2180	Due to Other Governments		-		-		-		-
2200	Accrued Expenditures		344		44		-		-
2300	Unearned Revenue		-		-		-		-
2000	Total Liabilities		3,441		2,148		-		_
Ι	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
2601	Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		-		-		-		-
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		_				-		_
F	FUND BALANCES								
	Restricted Fund Balance:								
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		-		6,044		-		-
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt		-		-		-		-
3490	Other Restricted Fund Balance		-		-		-		-
3000	Total Fund Balances				6,044		-		
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	3,441	\$	8,192	\$	-	\$	_

ESSA V Rural	70 VI, Pt B & Low ome			I - SIP ESSER III ESSA ctional Emergency Title IV		410 Instructional Materials Allotment		461 Campus Activity Funds		499 Local Scholarship Funds		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	(894)	\$	14,683	\$	3,503	\$	11,107
	-		-		3,164	- -		- - 894		-		- - -		21,876
\$		\$	-	\$	3,164	\$ -	\$	-	\$	14,683	\$	3,503	\$	32,983
\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,100	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,301
	-		- - -		- 64 -	- -		- - -		- - -		- - -		452
			-		3,164	-		<u>-</u>		-	_	-		8,753
	-		-		-	<u>-</u>		-		-				-
	-		_		-	-		-		-		-		6,044
	-		-		-	-		-		14,683		3,503		- 18,186
			-		-	-				14,683		3,503		24,230
\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$	3,164	\$ -	\$	-	\$	14,683	\$	3,503	\$	32,983

ECTOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2021

_		599	Total		
Data		Debt	N	onmajor	
Contro	ol .	Service	Gov	vernmental	
Codes		Fund	Funds		
A	ASSETS				
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 92,533	\$	103,640	
1220	Property Taxes - Delinquent	3,910		3,910	
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(114)		(114)	
1240	Due from Other Governments	4		21,880	
1000	Total Assets	\$ 96,333	\$	129,316	
I	JABILITIES				
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	\$ =	\$	8,301	
2180	Due to Other Governments	8,217		8,217	
2200	Accrued Expenditures	-		452	
2300	Unearned Revenue	424		424	
2000	Total Liabilities	 8,641		17,394	
Ι	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
2601	Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	3,372		3,372	
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,372		3,372	
F	UND BALANCES				
	Restricted Fund Balance:				
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction	_		6,044	
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt	84,320		84,320	
3490	Other Restricted Fund Balance	-		18,186	
3000	Total Fund Balances	84,320		108,550	
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$ 96,333	\$	129,316	

THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

ECTOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

		211	240	255	266
Data	ES	SA I, A	National	ESSA II, A	ESSER I
Control	Im	proving	Breakfast and	Training and	Emergency
Codes	Basi	c Program	Lunch Program	Recruiting	Relief Grant
REVENUES:					
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	-	\$ 26,339 \$	-	\$ -
5800 State Program Revenues		-	7,850	-	-
5900 Federal Program Revenues		53,251	108,060	3,300	31,909
5020 Total Revenues		53,251	142,249	3,300	31,909
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
0011 Instruction		53,251	-	3,300	31,909
0035 Food Services		-	199,952	-	-
0036 Extracurricular Activities		-	-	-	-
Debt Service:					
0071 Principal on Long-Term Debt		-	-	-	-
0072 Interest on Long-Term Debt		-	-	-	-
0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		-		-	
6030 Total Expenditures		53,251	199,952	3,300	31,909
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		-	(57,703)	-	-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
7915 Transfers In		-	63,747	-	
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance		-	6,044	-	-
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		-	<u>-</u>	-	
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	-	\$ 6,044 \$	-	\$ -

	270	276	282	289	410	461	499	Total
ESSA	A VI, Pt B	Title I - SIP	ESSER III	ESSA	Instructional	Campus	Local	Nonmajor
Rur	al & Low	Instructional	Emergency	Title IV	Materials	Activity	Scholarship	Special
I	ncome	Continuity	Relief Grant	Part A	Allotment	Funds	Funds	Revenue Funds
\$	- 5	S -	\$ - 5	\$ - \$	5 - \$	49,006 \$	9,448	\$ 84,793
Ψ	- 4	- -	-	- 4	18,967		-	26,817
	22,339	8,950	3,164	9,250	-	-	-	240,223
	22,339	8,950	3,164	9,250	18,967	49,006	9,448	351,833
	22,339	8,950	3,164	9,250	18,967	54,417	-	205,547
	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,300	199,952 9,300
							,,500	,,500
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		-
	22,339	8,950	3,164	9,250	18,967	54,417	9,300	414,799
	-	-	-	-	-	(5,411)	148	(62,966)
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	63,747
	-	-	-	-	-	(5,411)	148	781
		-	-	-	-	20,094	3,355	23,449
\$	- 9	-	\$ - 5	\$ - \$	S - \$	14,683 \$	3,503	\$ 24,230

ECTOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

	 599	Total
Data	Debt	Nonmajor
Control	Service	Governmental
Codes	Fund	Funds
REVENUES:		
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 85,394	\$ 170,187
5800 State Program Revenues	83,469	110,286
5900 Federal Program Revenues	 -	240,223
5020 Total Revenues	 168,863	520,696
EXPENDITURES:		
Current:		
0011 Instruction	-	205,547
0035 Food Services	-	199,952
0036 Extracurricular Activities	-	9,300
Debt Service:		
0071 Principal on Long-Term Debt	115,000	115,000
0072 Interest on Long-Term Debt	45,125	45,125
0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees	 3,000	3,000
6030 Total Expenditures	 163,125	577,924
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	5,738	(57,228)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		
7915 Transfers In	 	63,747
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance	5,738	6,519
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	 78,582	102,031
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 84,320	\$ 108,550

REQUIRED TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY SCHEDULES

ECTOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

	(1)	(3) Assessed/Apprais				
Last 10 Years Ended	Tax F	Tax Rates				
August 31	Maintenance	Debt Service	Tax Purposes			
2012 and prior years	\$ 1.170000	\$ 0.100000	\$	32,854,161		
2013	1.170000	0.125000		34,204,818		
2014	1.170000	0.125000		36,273,392		
2015	1.170000	0.125000		38,577,273		
016	1.170000	0.125000		37,498,103		
017	1.170000	0.125000		41,507,832		
018	1.170000	0.125000		44,713,648		
019	1.170000	0.125000		49,861,880		
020	1.060000	0.115000		57,074,309		
021 (School year under audit)	0.954700	0.130000		65,535,224		
000 TOTALS						

(10) Beginning Balance 9/1/2020	(20) Current Year's Total Levy	(31) Maintenance Collections	(32) Debt Service Collections	(40) Entire Year's Adjustments	(50) Ending Balance 8/31/2021	
\$ 480	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 480	
27	-	-	-	-	27	
320	-	-	-	-	320	
465	-	68	7	(1)	389	
523	-	198	21	-	304	
988	-	85	9	1,089	1,983	
2,592	-	1,212	129	1,685	2,936	
3,017	-	1,589	170	1,413	2,671	
12,218	-	7,158	777	1,475	5,758	
-	710,861	607,487	82,721	-	20,653	
\$ 20,630	\$ 710,861	\$ 617,797	\$ 83,834	\$ 5,661	\$ 35,521	

ECTOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Data Control		Budgeted	Amo	unts	Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget Positive or	
Codes	Original			Final			Vegative)
REVENUES:							
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources5800 State Program Revenues5900 Federal Program Revenues	\$	32,700 700 81,500	\$	32,700 7,824 96,775	\$ 26,339 7,850 108,060	\$	(6,361) 26 11,285
5020 Total Revenues		114,900		137,299	142,249		4,950
EXPENDITURES: Current: 0035 Food Services		190,388		212 797	199,952		12 925
				212,787			12,835
6030 Total Expenditures		190,388		212,787	199,952		12,835
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		(75,488)		(75,488)	(57,703)		17,785
7915 Transfers In		75,488		89,119	63,747		(25,372)
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		-		13,631	6,044		(7,587)
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		-		-			-
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	-	\$	13,631	\$ 6,044	\$	(7,587)

ECTOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Data Control		Budgeted .	nts	Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget Positive or		
Codes	C	riginal		Final		(Negative)	
REVENUES:							
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources5800 State Program Revenues	\$	77,856 82,338	\$	85,356 86,838	\$ 85,394 83,469	\$	38 (3,369)
5020 Total Revenues		160,194		172,194	168,863		(3,331)
EXPENDITURES: Debt Service:							
 Principal on Long-Term Debt Interest on Long-Term Debt Bond Issuance Cost and Fees 		115,000 45,125 3,000		115,000 45,125 3,000	115,000 45,125 3,000		- - -
6030 Total Expenditures		163,125		163,125	163,125		_
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		(2,931)		9,069	5,738		(3,331)
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		78,582		78,582	78,582		-
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	75,651	\$	87,651	\$ 84,320	\$	(3,331)

ECTOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE COMPENSATORY EDUCATION AND BILINGUAL EDUCATION PROGRAM EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

	Section A: Compensatory Education Programs	
AP1	Did your LEA expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?	Yes
AP2	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?	Yes
AP3	List the total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year.	\$238,989
AP4	List the actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	\$243,311
	Section B: Bilingual Education Programs	
AP5	Did your LEA expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the LEA's fiscal year?	Yes
AP6	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?	Yes
AP7	List the total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	\$634
AP8	List the actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PICs 25,35)	\$1,154

COMPLIANCE & INTERNAL CONTROL SECTION

Morgan, Davis, & Company, P.C. Post Office Box 8158 Greenville, Texas 75404

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

Ector Independent School District 301 S. Main Street Ector, Texas 75439

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Ector Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2021 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 21, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Ector Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Ector Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Ector Independent School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Ector Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

/s/ Morgan, Davis & Company, P.C.

Morgan, Davis, & Company, P.C. Greenville, Texas

November 21, 2021

ECTOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Summary of Auditor's Results:

The type of report we issued on whether the financial statements of Ector Independent School District were prepared in accordance with GAAP as an unmodified opinion.

With respect to internal control over financial reporting, we identified no material weaknesses and we reported no significant deficiencies.

We noted no noncompliance material to the financial statements,

Financial Statements Findings:

There are no findings related to financial statements which are required to be reported in accordance with *Generally Accepted Auditing Standards*.

ECTOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF STATUS OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

(Prepared by the District's Administration)

There were no prior audit findings which required corrective action.

ECTOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

(Prepared by the District's Administration)

There were no corrective actions necessary for the year ended August 31, 2021.

SCHOOLS FIRST QUESTIONNAIRE

Ector	Independent School District	Fiscal Year 2021
SF1	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?	Yes
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement?	No
SF3	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teachers Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies? (If there was a warrant hold not cleared in 30 days, then not timely.)	Yes
SF4	Was the school district issued a warrant hold? (Yes even if cleared within 30 days.)	No
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state or federal funds?	No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF7	Did the school district post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Govenment Code, Texas Education Code, Texas Administrative Code and other statutes, laws and rules in effect at the fiscal year end?	Yes
SF8	Did the school board members discuss the school district's property values at a board meeting within 120 days before the school district adopted its budget?	Yes
SF9	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year end.	\$0